# Rule 6. Appeal in a Bankruptcy Case

- (a) Appeal From a Judgment, Order, or Decree of a District Court Exercising Original Jurisdiction in a Bankruptcy Case. An appeal to a court of appeals from a final judgment, order, or decree of a district court exercising jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1334 is taken as any other civil appeal under these rules.
- (b) Appeal From a Judgment, Order, or Decree of a District Court or Bankruptcy Appellate Panel Exercising Appellate Jurisdiction in a Bankruptcy Case.
  - (1) **Applicability of Other Rules.** These rules apply to an appeal to a court of appeals under 28 U.S.C. § 158(d)(1) from a final judgment, order, or decree of a district court or bankruptcy appellate panel exercising appellate jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 158(a) or (b), but with these qualifications:
    - (A) Rules 4(a)(4), 4(b), 9, 10, 11, 12(c), 13-20, 22-23, and 24(b) do not apply;
    - (B) the reference in Rule 3(c) to "Form 1 in the Appendix of Forms" must be read as a reference to Form 5;
    - (C) when the appeal is from a bankruptcy appellate panel, the term "district court," as used in any applicable rule, means "appellate panel"; and
    - (D) in Rule 12.1, "district court" includes a bankruptcy court or bankruptcy appellate panel.
  - (2) **Additional Rules.** In addition to the rules made applicable by Rule 6(b)(1), the following rules apply:

#### (A) Motion for rehearing.

- (i) If a timely motion for rehearing under Bankruptcy Rule 8022 is filed, the time to appeal for all parties runs from the entry of the order disposing of the motion. A notice of appeal filed after the district court or bankruptcy appellate panel announces or enters a judgment, order, or decree but before disposition of the motion for rehearing becomes effective when the order disposing of the motion for rehearing is entered.
- (ii) If a party intends to challenge the order disposing of the motion or the alteration or amendment of a judgment, order, or decree upon the motion then the party, in compliance with Rules 3(c) and 6(b)(1)(B), must file a notice of appeal or amended notice of appeal. The notice or amended notice must be filed within the time prescribed by Rule 4 excluding Rules 4(a)(4) and 4(b) measured from the entry of the order disposing of the motion.
- (iii) No additional fee is required to file an amended notice.

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# (B) The Record on Appeal.

- (i) Within 14 days after filing the notice of appeal, the appellant must file with the clerk possessing the record assembled in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 8009 and serve on the appellee a statement of the issues to be presented on appeal and a designation of the record to be certified and made available to the circuit clerk.
- (ii) An appellee who believes that other parts of the record are necessary must, within 14 days after being served with the appellant's designation, file with the clerk and serve on the appellant a designation of additional parts to be included.
- (iii) The record on appeal consists of:
  - the redesignated record as provided above;
  - the proceedings in the district court or bankruptcy appellate panel; and
  - a certified copy of the docket entries prepared by the clerk under Rule 3(d).

### (C) Making the Record Available.

- (i) When the record is complete, the district clerk or bankruptcy-appellate-panel clerk must number the documents constituting the record and promptly make it available to the circuit clerk. If the clerk makes the record available in paper form, the clerk will not send documents of unusual bulk or weight, physical exhibits other than documents, or other parts of the record designated for omission by local rule of the court of appeals, unless directed to do so by a party or the circuit clerk. If unusually bulky or heavy exhibits are to be made available in paper form, a party must arrange with the clerks in advance for their transportation and receipt.
- (ii) All parties must do whatever else is necessary to enable the clerk to assemble the record and make it available. When the record is made available in paper form, the court of appeals may provide by rule or order that a certified copy of the docket entries be made available in place of the redesignated record. But any party may request at any time during the pendency of the appeal that the redesignated record be made available.
- (D) **Filing the record.** When the district court or bankruptcy-appellate-panel clerk has made the record available, the circuit clerk must note that fact on the docket. The date noted on the docket serves as the filing date of the record. The circuit clerk must immediately notify all parties of the filing date.

### (c) Direct Review by Permission Under 28 U.S.C. § 158(d)(2).

(1) **Applicability of Other Rules.** These rules apply to a direct appeal by permission under 28 U.S.C. § 158(d)(2), but with these qualifications:

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- (A) Rules 3-4, 5(a)(3), 6(a), 6(b), 8(a), 8(c), 9-12, 13-20, 22-23, and 24(b) do not apply;
- (B) as used in any applicable rule, "district court" or "district clerk" includes to the extent appropriate a bankruptcy court or bankruptcy appellate panel or its clerk; and
- (C) the reference to "Rules 11 and 12(c)" in Rule 5(d)(3) must be read as a reference to Rules 6(c)(2)(B) and (C).
- (2) Additional Rules. In addition, the following rules apply:
  - (A) **The Record on Appeal.** Bankruptcy Rule 8009 governs the record on appeal.
  - (B) **Making the Record Available.** Bankruptcy Rule 8010 governs completing the record and making it available.
  - (C) **Stays Pending Appeal.** Bankruptcy Rule 8007 applies to stays pending appeal.
  - (D) **Duties of the Circuit Clerk.** When the bankruptcy clerk has made the record available, the circuit clerk must note that fact on the docket. The date noted on the docket serves as the filing date of the record. The circuit clerk must immediately notify all parties of the filing date.
  - (E) **Filing a Representation Statement.** Unless the court of appeals designates another time, within 14 days after entry of the order granting permission to appeal, the attorney who sought permission must file a statement with the circuit clerk naming the parties that the attorney represents on appeal.

#### Local Rule 6(a). Bankruptcy Records.

The district or bankruptcy court in possession of the record in a bankruptcy appeal in which all parties are represented by counsel shall retain the record until and unless it is requested by the court of appeals.

## I.O.P.-6.1. Bankruptcy Appeals.

The Fourth Circuit has not established panels of three bankruptcy judges to hear appeals from bankruptcy courts pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 158.

Local Rule 6(a) adopted October 1, 2015.

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